

Doc
Duck Testing & Integration Plan

SWEng Group 1

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1 Introduction

1.1 Test Objectives

Testing of the DocDuck engineering guide will ensure that:

- Each Module is fully functioning as intended.
- Each module is fully compatible with each other.
- Each module successfully communicates with one another.
- That no matter how many extra features are added at its base it is still a fully functional module.
- Feature creep is prevented by giving a set of required targets to aim for first, Before adding extra features.
- There is a guide for the engineers in what to aim for, when creating the modules.

1.2 Scope of Testing

the testing scope of the project will cover:

- The Text Library
- The Graphics Library
- The Parser and Validator Library
- The Image Library
- The Database Library
- The Server Storage Library
- The Login Page
- The Machine Status Overview Page
- The Calendar Page
- The Stock Page
- The Admin Page
- Integration of the Text Library
- Integration of the Graphics Library
- Integration of the Parser and Validator Library
- Integration of the Image Library
- Integration of the Database Library
- Integration of the Server Storage Library
- Integration of the Login Page
- Integration of the Machine Status Overview Page
- Integration of the Machine Information Page
- Integration of the Calendar Page
- Integration of the Stock Page
- Integration of the Admin Page

The XML library additions will not be covered as they cannot be tested, and any additional none essential features will also not be covered in this plan.

v0.1

1.3 System Overview

DocDuck is intended to provide businesses with an application that increases the efficiency of their maintenance engineering team by providing an easy and efficient way for engineers to access, edit, track and create documentation as well as provide easy and clear communication between admins engineers and operators. The application, DocDuck, is an all in one application for the documentation side of engineering, from tracking diagnostic and calibration dates to having clear and easy access to maintenance history and number of parts in stock all in one convenient place. The three main pillars for DocDuck are affordability, efficiency and usability. DocDuck will be networked on all PC's within a businesses system.

1.4 Definitions

2 Approach

Test Library	Start Date	End Date
Text Library	19/02/24	27/02/24
Graphics Library	20/02/24	27/02/24
Parser and Validator Library	20/02/24	27/02/24
Image Library	25/03/24	28/03/24
Database Library	26/03/24	28/03/24
Server Storage Library	03/04/24	08/04/24
Login Page	08/02/24	11/04/24
Machine Status Overview Page	12/04/24	16/04/24
Machine Information Page	16/04/24	19/04/24
Calendar Page	22/04/24	25/04/24
Stock Page	26/04/24	30/04/24
Admin Page	01/05/24	05/04/24

2.1 Assumptions/Constraints, our deadlines both external and internal

 Table 1: Test Libraries Implementation Timeline

2.2 Coverage, how we keep track of tests

Maintaining high-quality software requires not only rigorous testing but also a comprehensive understanding of test coverage. Test coverage is a critical metric that helps us ensure that our testing efforts encompass as much of the source code as possible. To this end, we employ several tools and methodologies that enable us to monitor and improve the coverage of our tests effectively.

Understanding Test Coverage Test coverage refers to the percentage of our source code that is executed when our test suite runs. A higher percentage indicates a more extensive test suite that covers more possible use cases and code paths, reducing the likelihood of undetected bugs. However, it's essential to balance striving for high coverage with the quality of tests to ensure they meaningfully contribute to the application's reliability

Improving Test Coverage Identifying areas with low test coverage is only the first step; the next is to enhance our tests to address these gaps. This process involves writing additional tests for untested code paths and refining existing tests to cover more scenarios. We prioritize testing based on the criticality of code segments, focusing first on the core functionality and high-risk areas.

2.3 Test tools, what tools we are using to test

In the development of our application, ensuring the reliability and correctness of our code base is paramount. To achieve this, we have employed JUnit 5, a powerful and flexible testing framework designed for Java applications. JUnit 5 serves as the foundation for our testing strategy, enabling us to write and execute tests across all the libraries and modules within our project.

JUnit 5 JUnit 5 represents the evolution of Java testing frameworks, bringing forth an amalgamation of new features designed to enhance the testing experience. Key advancements include:

- Versatility: A modular architecture that not only promotes greater adaptability but also simplifies integration with a wide array of tools and frameworks, enhancing the versatility of our testing environment.
- Variability: The introduction of dynamic tests and improved mechanisms for parameterised testing, facilitate a broader and more nuanced assessment of our code under varying conditions.
- Manageability: Augmented assertion mechanisms and a suite of new annotations that streamline the process of test development, making tests more expressive and easier to manage.

TestFX TestFX provides a robust framework for automating the testing of JavaFX applications. It allows us to simulate user interactions with the GUI, such as clicking, typing, and navigating through the application, in a controlled test environment. This enables us to verify that the GUI responds correctly to user inputs and that visual elements behave as expected under various scenarios.

- **Comprehensive Coverage:** TestFX allows for detailed testing of all GUI components, ensuring every aspect of the user interface can be automatically tested for functionality and performance.
- **Repeatability and Reliability:** Automated tests with TestFX can be run repeatedly with consistent conditions, providing reliable results and helping to identify intermittent UI issues that may be difficult to replicate manually.
- Efficiency: Automating GUI testing with TestFX significantly reduces the time and effort required for manual testing, allowing for more frequent and thorough testing cycles.
- Integration with JUnit 5: TestFX seamlessly integrates with JUnit 5, enabling us to incorporate GUI tests into our existing test suites and workflows, further streamlining the testing process.

2.4 Test type

A robust testing strategy encompasses various types of tests, each targeting different aspects of the software to ensure comprehensive quality assurance. Our project employs a multi-tiered testing approach, leveraging the strengths of each test type to cover the full spectrum of software quality dimensions. Below, we detail the primary categories of tests utilized in our project and their respective roles in our testing ecosystem.

Unit Tests Unit testing forms the backbone of our testing strategy, focusing on verifying the smallest testable parts of the application in isolation (e.g., methods or classes). By using JUnit 5, we efficiently create and execute tests that validate each unit's correctness under various conditions. This granularity allows us to pinpoint defects at an early stage, facilitating swift resolution.

GUI Testing with TestFX An essential component of our testing strategy is GUI testing, for which we employ TestFX. This framework is specifically designed for testing JavaFX applications, enabling us to automate and validate user interactions with the graphical user interface. TestFX

allows us to simulate clicks, keystrokes, and navigation through the application, ensuring that the UI behaves as expected in response to user actions. By incorporating TestFX, we can:

- Perform comprehensive testing of all graphical elements and user flows within the application.
- Ensure repeatability and consistency in tests, enhancing the reliability of our GUI testing process.
- Efficiently identify and rectify UI issues, improving the application's usability and user satisfaction.

3 Plan

3.1 Test team

The Testing Team consists of the Testing and Integration Manager, their Deputy and other members. Each member is assigned specific modules to create and perform the tests on. Their generate testing and integration reports which are checked and ratified by the Testing and Integration Manager.

Testing And Integration Manager: Zhihao Ma **Testing Team Members:** James Stevenson and Noah Carter.

3.2 Deliverables

The testing of each module is documented in its own individual Testing and Integration Report. This consists of the list of tests performed and the results thereof. In the event of failures, the same test may be present multiple times. In the event of extra features being developed outside of this plan, they, and their associated tests, will be documented therein. This serves to clearly outline the tests performed on the module to ensure robustness and completeness of testing.

4 Modules to be tested

4.1 Text Library

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Draw default text	TextBox Construc-	Default text box drawn with default pa-
	box	tor	rameters
2	Draw with defined	setContent method	Defined content drawn
	text content		
3	Draw at defined po-	setPostionX and	Text box drawn at correct position
	sition	setPositionY meth-	
		ods	
4	Draw with defined	setWidth and	Text box drawn with defined dimensions
	dimensions	setHeight methods	
5	Draw text with de-	setFontColour	Text drawn with defined font colour
	fined text colour	method	
6	Draw text with de-	setFontSize method	Text drawn at defined size
	fined text size		
7	Draw text with de-	setFont method	Text drawn with defined font
	fined font		
8	Draw text with de-	setLineSpacing	Text drawn with defined line spacing
	fined line spacing	method	
9	Draw text with de-	setCharacterSpacing	Text drawn with defined character spac-
	fined character spac-	method	ing
	ing		
10	Draw text box	setBorderWidth	Text box drawn with defined border
	with defined border	method	width
	width		
11	Draw text box	setBorderColour	Text box border drawn with defined bor-
	with defined border	method	der colour
	colour		
12	Draw for defined pe-	setDelay method	Text appears for designated time period
	riod of time		

4.2 Graphics library

Test $\#$	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Draw Circles	Circle Constructor	Circle is created with correct position, di-
			mensions, colour, shading, border, dura-
			tion.
2	Draw Rectangles	Rectangle Construc-	Rectangle is created with correct position,
		tor	dimensions, colour, shading, border, du-
			ration.
3	Draw Regular	Regular Shape Con-	A regular shape is created with correct
	Shape	structor	position, dimensions, number of sides,
			colour, shading, border, duration.
5	Draw Custom Shape	Custom Shape Con-	Custom Shape is created with correct po-
		structor	sition, points position, number of points,
			number of sides, colour, shading, border,
			duration.
6	Draw Line Segment	Line Segment Con-	Line Segment is created with correct
		structor	points position, thickness, colour, shad-
			ing, border, duration.

4.3 Parser and validator

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Open XML Files	Parser Class	Sets up the SAX parser API to read and
			parse XML files.
2	Validate XML Files	Parser Class	Setup SAX Validator to validate the XML
			files against the schema.
3	Parse XML Files	ParserHandler Class	Uses event handlers to read through the
			XML file and call events at each element
			in the file.
4	Store XML Data	ParserHandler Class	Uses a data structure to store all informa-
			tion in the XML file.
5	Parser & Validator	ParserErrorHandler	Handles all SAX API errors and excep-
	Error Handling	Class	tions.

4.4 Login Page

Test $\#$	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Correct XML	GUIBuilder	XML Elements are displayed correctly on
			the login page window, all properties of
			the elements such as width, height, etc.
			are correctly displayed
2	Username and Pass-	TextField	Use of the TextFields for username and
	word Entry		password passes the text on to other
			methods correctly.
3	Login / Signup /	Button Even-	Buttons pressed result in the correct ac-
	Forgot Password	tHandler	tions taking place in the eventhandlers as-
	Button		signed for the buttons.
4	Username / Pass-	Login Verification	Users are only allowed to log in when en-
	word Verification		tered username / password is correct.
5	Incorrect Username		
	/ Password		

4.5 Database Library

Test $\#$	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Stores User Data	Create database	Successfully stores all data in a suitable
	(Username & Pass-	& Store values in	format.
	word)	database	
2	Encrypts Passwords	Database API	Successfully and securely encrypts all
		methods	passwords and data, so it is unreadable
			without decryption.
3	Fetches data from	API Interaction to	Can retrieve the data for one user, as well
	database	retrieve data	as provide the ability to validate login de-
			tails when logging in.

4.6 Server Storage Library

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Connects and in-	SSH or FTP access	Can connect and transfer and receive data
	teracts with remote	API methods	from the server successfully with minimal
	server		delay.
2	Stores Images and	API Methods to	Library can successfully transfer media
	Videos	push and pull data	and other data onto the remote server for
			storage as well as return the data to the
			application when requested.
3	Cataloging and Or-	Algorithms to	Can successfully rearrange and organise
	ganisation of files	sort/parse data	data in suitable formats for reading and
			displaying to the application users.
4	Backs up data to the	Schedular/Runnable	Schedular task which runs every set time
	server regularly	Methods	period to backup any data to the server
			which can then be fetched by other users.
5	Fetches data from	Schedular/Runnable	Schedular task which runs every set time
	the server regularly	Methods	period to fetch data from the server to
			refresh information for all users.

4.7 Image Library

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Display image	setImage()	The correct image is displayed on the la-
			bel
2	Display image with	setWidth and	The label displaying the correct image is
	defined dimensions	setHeight	sized as defined
3	Display image at de-	setPositionX and	The label displaying the correct image is
	fined position	setPositionY	placed at the defined position
4	Set border around	setBorder()	The border around the image is displayed
	the image label		with defined width and colour

4.8 Machine Status overview Page

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	able to add new ma-	create temporary	machine successfully added to page
	chine	machine with de-	
		fault settings	
2	able to add compo-	create a default ma-	machine component successfully added on
	nents to a machine	chine and then add	
		new component to	
		machine	
3	able to add multiple	create a machine	notes are successfully created
	notes to a machine	with a single com-	
	and component	ponent and apply	
		three notes to each	

4.9 Calendar Page

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	display accurate	searching for a ran-	calendar is able to provide the correct
	dates	dom date in the cal-	date
		endar	
2	assign events in the	create an event for	calendar is able to successfully recognise
	calendar	a date and manually	the date and the correct notification ap-
		change the calendar	pears
		to that date to see if	
		the even notification	
		pops up	
3	calendar is able to	assign an event a	the same event notification pops up three
	repeat events	specific day in the	times
		week and manually	
		change the calen-	
		dars day to the same	
		day on each consec-	
		utive week 3 times	

4.10 Machine Information Page

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Display Image	setImage()	The correct image of the machine is dis-
			played on the page.
2	Adjust Image Size	setWidth and	The displayed image is resized according
		$\operatorname{setHeight}$	to the defined dimensions.
3	Display Title	setTitle()	The title of the machine is correctly dis-
			played on the page.
4	Display Description	setDescription()	The description of the machine is cor-
			rectly displayed on the page.
5	Functionality of	onClick()	Clicking on the View Schematic Button
	View Schematic		opens the schematic of the machine.
	Button		
6	View Stock Page	Button/slider to	Clicking on the button/slider to view
		view stock page	stock page navigates the user to the stock
			page where they can view available parts
			and their quantities.
7	Sort Machine Infor-	Sorting machine in-	Machine information can be sorted based
	mation	formation	on different criteria (e.g., machine ID, sta-
			tus, last maintenance date) and the sort-
			ing functionality works as expected.
8	Search Machine In-	Searching for spe-	The search functionality allows users to
	formation	cific machines	find machines based on various parame-
			ters (e.g., machine ID, status) and dis-
			plays accurate results.

4.11 Stock Page

Test #	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Display Components	displayComponents()	All components within the ma-
			chine are displayed on the stock
			page, including photos and text
			descriptions for each compo-
			nent.
2	Display Local Stock	displayLocalStock()	The local stock of each com-
			ponent is displayed accurately
			on the stock page, showing the
			stock number for each compo-
			nent.
3	Filter Components	filterComponents()	Users can filter components by
			types (e.g., electrical, mechani-
			cal) on the stock page, ensuring
			that only relevant components
			are displayed.
4	Filter Stock	filterStock()	Users can filter components by
			stock number (e.g., low stock,
			out of stock) on the stock page,
			enabling them to identify com-
			ponents needing replenishment.

4.12 Admin Page

Test $\#$	Feature to Test	Methods to Test	Success Criteria
1	Create User Ac-	check that values	values are stored correctly
	count	entered are stored	
2	assign permissions	create an account	account successfully cycles through all
		and assign it multi-	roles
		ple roles	
3	delete accounts	create a temporary	account is successfully deleted
		account for deletion	
4	modify accounts	create an existing	successfully able to login with the newly
		account and mod-	modified account
		ify both the account	
		username and pass-	
		word	

5 Features Not in Spec

In the development of our application, we leverage a widely-used XML library for parsing, and manipulating XML files. This library forms a critical component of our system, facilitating the seamless handling of XML data, which is integral to various functionalities within our application. Despite its importance, the XML library is classified under "Features Not in Spec" for direct testing due to several justifications outlined below.

5.1 Rationale for Exemption

The decision to exempt the XML library from our internal testing specifications is based on a comprehensive assessment of its reliability, performance, and the nature of its integration within our project. Key factors include:

- 1. Established Stability and Reliability: The XML library in use has been subjected to extensive testing and has demonstrated high levels of stability and reliability across numerous applications and platforms. Its maturity in the software development ecosystem underscores its resilience and performance consistency.
- 2. External Validation: The library benefits from ongoing development and testing by a dedicated community or organization. This external validation ensures that any bugs or vulnerabilities are promptly identified and rectified, thereby maintaining the library's integrity and security.
- 3. **Standard Compliance:** As a tool that adheres to well-defined XML standards and protocols, the library ensures compatibility and interoperability across different systems and applications. This compliance further reduces the necessity for redundant testing within our project scope.

5.2 Approach to Managing Potential Integration Issues

Acknowledging the exemption of the XML library from our testing spec does not imply a disregard for potential integration issues. To preemptively address any concerns and ensure smooth operation within our application, we adopt the following strategies:

- Integration Testing: While the library itself is not directly tested, its integration and interaction with our application are verified through comprehensive integration testing. This ensures that the library functions as expected within our specific use cases.
- Monitoring and Feedback: Continuous monitoring of system logs and feedback mechanisms are in place to quickly identify and address any anomalies or issues related to XML processing, ensuring minimal impact on application performance.
- Version Control: Regular updates and adherence to recommended versions of the XML library are practiced to leverage improvements and security patches, mitigating risks associated with outdated components.

6 Integration Testing plan

Integration testing is a crucial phase in our software development life-cycle, aimed at evaluating the combined functionality of interconnected modules within the main program. This section outlines our strategic approach to conducting integration tests, ensuring that all components work harmoniously together to achieve the desired outcomes.

6.1 Objectives

- To verify the data flow and interaction between modules are functioning as expected.
- To identify and resolve integration errors and interface mismatches.
- To ensure that integrated components meet the specified requirements.

6.2 Scope

The scope of our integration testing includes all critical modules and interfaces within the application. Specifically, we will focus on:

- Database connectivity and data retrieval mechanisms.
- Interactions between the user interface and business logic layers.
- External service integrations.
- Any modules that have undergone significant changes or refactoring.

6.3 Strategy

Our integration testing strategy encompasses several key elements, designed to methodically assess the interaction between various components:

- 1. **Top-Down Integration:** We will start by testing the higher-level modules, progressively integrating and testing lower-level modules. This approach facilitates early detection of issues in the major control or decision-making modules.
- 2. Bottom-Up Integration: In parallel, we will test the lower-level modules first, gradually integrating upwards. This is particularly useful for ensuring the reliability of utility and service modules.
- 3. Continuous Integration (CI): Throughout the development process, integration testing will be automated and run as part of our CI pipeline, enabling immediate feedback and early bug detection.

6.4 Tools and Technologies

For conducting integration tests, we will utilize:

- JUnit 5 for orchestrating the test cases.
- TestFX for testing GUI components and interactions.
- Mock frameworks (e.g., Mockito) for simulating external dependencies.